METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR A SELF HEALING AGENT

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present invention is related to an application entitled Distributed Autonomic Solutions Repository, serial no. _____, attorney docket no. YOR920030435US1, filed even date hereof, assigned to the same assignee, and incorporated herein by reference in entirety for all purposes .

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Technical Field:

The present invention relates generally to an improved data processing system and in particular to a method and apparatus for managing applications. Still more particularly, the present invention relates to a method, apparatus, and computer instructions for managing failures in applications.

2. Description of Related Art:

The explosion of information and integration of technology into every day life has increased demands on how computer systems are managed and maintained. As access to information becomes omnipresent and expected through computers, handheld computers, and wireless devices, the stability of programs and data becomes increasingly important. With these advances, autonomic computing has been introduced in which software is implemented to aid in the management and maintenance of computer systems. One of the main features of autonomic computing is to provide self-fixing and self-healing components.

Currently, autonomic processes may be used to handle failures on computer systems. These autonomic processes also are referred to as agents. For example, if a program on a computer system fails to execute or hangs, the program may be restarted by an autonomic agent. In some cases, the entire computer system may be restarted or rebooted by this agent. Currently, in addition to restarting the application or data processing system, the autonomic agent also may send a notification to a human user. The human user may then select the appropriate diagnostic tools, analyze the problem, and implement a solution to the failure. The human user is typically a technician or engineer. To fix the problem, the user may have to download a program patch or perhaps modify the configuration of the system or pending program. If the program is at fault, new components, such as executables, libraries, or configuration files, are then installed by the user to fix the software problem.

Further, registry settings may have to be changed or certain program parameters may need to be adjusted. These settings are performed at the local machine on which the problem occurs. In some cases, the problem is with the autonomic software itself and the error is caused by a defective program. Currently, autonomic software is unable to fix itself.

Therefore, it would be advantageous to have an improved method, apparatus, and computer instructions for an improved autonomic agent that provides for self healing of software.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a method, apparatus, and computer instructions for managing a program for the purpose of providing self-healing operation of the program. Operation of the program is monitored by an agent process. An observed operation of the program is compared with an expected operation of the program to form a comparison. A determination is made as to whether an error has occurred based on the comparison. In response to an occurrence of the error, a solution for the error is obtained if available and implemented by the agent process.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself, however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 depicts a pictorial representation of a network of data processing systems in which the present invention may be implemented;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of a data processing system that may be implemented as a server in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram illustrating a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented;

Fig. 4 is a diagram illustrating components used in creating a profile for components in a program in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 5 is a diagram illustrating the generation of meta data for a profile in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 6 is a diagram illustrating components used for monitoring and repairing programs in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart of a process for generating profile information in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention; and

Fig. 8 is a flowchart of a process for monitoring a program in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With reference now to the figures, **Figure 1** depicts a pictorial representation of a network of data processing systems in which the present invention may be implemented. Network data processing system **100** is a network of computers in which the present invention may be implemented. Network data processing system **100** contains a network **102**, which is the medium used to provide communications links between various devices and computers connected together within network data processing system **100**. Network **102** may include connections, such as wire, wireless communication links, or fiber optic cables.

In the depicted example, server **104** is connected to network **102** along with storage unit **106**. In addition, clients **108**, **110**, and **112** are connected to network **102**. These clients **108**, **110**, and **112** may be, for example, personal computers or network computers. In the depicted example, server **104** provides data, such as boot files, operating system images, and applications to clients **108-112**. Clients **108**, **110**, and **112** are clients to server **104**. Network data processing system **100** may include additional servers, clients, and other devices not shown. In the depicted example, network data processing system **100** is the Internet with network **102** representing a worldwide collection of networks and gateways that use the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) suite of protocols to communicate with one another. At the heart of the Internet is a backbone of high-speed data communication lines between major nodes or host computers, consisting of thousands of commercial, government, educational and other computer systems that route data and messages. Of course, network data processing system **100** also may be implemented as a number of different types of networks, such as for example, an intranet, a local area network (LAN), or a wide area network (WAN). **Figure 1** is intended as an example, and not as an architectural limitation for the present

invention.

Referring to **Figure 2**, a block diagram of a data processing system that may be implemented as a server, such as server **104** in **Figure 1**, is depicted in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Data processing system **200** may be a symmetric multiprocessor (SMP) system including a plurality of processors **202** and **204** connected to system bus **206**. Alternatively, a single processor system may be employed. Also connected to system bus **206** is memory controller/cache **208**, which provides an interface to local memory **209**. I/O bus bridge **210** is connected to system bus **206** and provides an interface to I/O bus **212**. Memory controller/cache **208** and I/O bus bridge **210** may be integrated as depicted.

Peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus bridge **214** connected to I/O bus **212** provides an interface to PCI local bus **216**. A number of modems may be connected to PCI local bus **216**. Typical PCI bus implementations will support four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors. Communications links to clients **108-112** in **Figure 1** may be provided through modem **218** and network adapter **220** connected to PCI local bus **216** through add-in boards.

Additional PCI bus bridges **222** and **224** provide interfaces for additional PCI local buses **226** and **228**, from which additional modems or network adapters may be supported. In this manner, data processing system **200** allows connections to multiple network computers. A memory-mapped graphics adapter **230** and hard disk **232** may also be connected to I/O bus **212** as depicted, either directly or indirectly.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware depicted in **Figure 2** may vary. For example, other peripheral devices, such as optical disk drives and the like, also may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention.

The data processing system depicted in **Figure 2** may be, for example, an IBM eServer pSeries system, a product of International Business Machines Corporation in Armonk, New York, running the Advanced Interactive Executive (AIX) operating system or LINUX operating system.

With reference now to **Figure 3**, a block diagram illustrating a data processing system is depicted in which the present invention may be implemented. Data processing system **300** is an example of a client computer. Data processing system **300** employs a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) local bus architecture. Although the depicted example employs a PCI bus, other bus architectures such as Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) and Industry Standard Architecture (ISA) may be used. Processor **302** and main memory **304** are connected to PCI local bus **306** through PCI bridge **308**. PCI bridge **308** also may include an integrated memory controller and cache memory for processor **302**. Additional connections to PCI local bus **306** may be made through direct component interconnection or through add-in boards. In the depicted example, local area network (LAN) adapter **310**, SCSI host bus adapter **312**, and expansion bus interface **314** are connected to PCI local bus **306** by direct component connection. In contrast, audio adapter **316**, graphics adapter **318**, and audio/video adapter **319** are connected to PCI local bus **306** by add-in boards inserted into expansion slots. Expansion bus interface **314** provides a connection for a keyboard and mouse adapter **320**, modem **322**, and additional memory **324**. Small computer system interface (SCSI) host bus adapter **312** provides a connection for hard disk drive **326**, tape drive **328**, and CD-ROM drive **330**. Typical PCI local bus implementations will support three or four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors.

An operating system runs on processor **302** and is used to coordinate and provide control of various components within data processing system **300** in **Figure 3**. The operating system may be a commercially available operating system, such as Windows

XP, which is available from Microsoft Corporation. An object oriented programming system such as Java may run in conjunction with the operating system and provide calls to the operating system from Java programs or applications executing on data processing system **300**. "Java" is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc. Instructions for the operating system, the object-oriented programming system, and applications or programs are located on storage devices, such as hard disk drive **326**, and may be loaded into main memory **304** for execution by processor **302.**

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware in **Figure 3** may vary depending on the implementation. Other internal hardware or peripheral devices, such as flash read-only memory (ROM), equivalent nonvolatile memory, or optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted in **Figure 3**. Also, the processes of the present invention may be applied to a multiprocessor data processing system.

As another example, data processing system **300** may be a stand-alone system configured to be bootable without relying on some type of network communication interfaces As a further example, data processing system **300** may be a personal digital assistant (PDA) device, which is configured with ROM and/or flash ROM in order to provide non-volatile memory for storing operating system files and/or user-generated data.

The depicted example in **Figure 3** and above-described examples are not meant to imply architectural limitations. For example, data processing system **300** also may be a notebook computer or hand held computer in addition to taking the form of a PDA. Data processing system **300** also may be a kiosk or a Web appliance.

The present invention provides a method, apparatus, and computer instructions for managing and repairing software on a data processing system. In particular, the mechanism of the present invention provides a self healing autonomic agent system. When a program or application is developed, the source code for the program is entered,

edited, then compiled and linked to form an application executable. One part of the present invention adds an extra step in the file compilation and link process, the creation of a profile for each of the recognized program constructs. Another component of the present invention includes an agent used to monitor operations performed by an application and keeping a database of these operations and the normal or expected operating behavior.

Turning now to **Figure 4**, a diagram illustrating components used in creating a profile for constructs in a program is depicted in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. In this example, compiler **400** receives source code **402** and generates object components **404**. These object components may be linked during the linking process to form the program. Additionally, compiler **400** also generates a profile of the behavior of each of the program constructs. In these examples, a construct in this context is a specific group of computer instructions that are executed to provide a known behavior. For example, this behavior may be looping through an array, or examining data in a print buffer. The information regarding this behavior is stored in profile **406** in these examples. Profile **406** is later stored in a behavior database **612** or behavior database **606** in **Figure 6** below. The data in behavior database **612** is later used by profiling agent **604** to monitor the execution of software program **602**.

With reference next to **Figure 5**, a diagram illustrating the generation of metadata for a profile is depicted in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. In this simple example, component **500** is a loop construct. Metadata **502** is generated by a compiler, such as compiler **400** in **Figure 4**, and stored in behavior database **606** or behavior database **612** in **Figure 6**. The information in profile **406** is then used by software monitoring agent **604** to monitor the execution of program **602**.

Turning next to **Figure 6**, a diagram illustrating components used for monitoring and repairing programs is depicted in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the

present invention. In the illustrative example, client **600** includes program **602** which is executing on client **600**. Client **600** may be implemented using a data processing system, such as data processing system **300** in **Figure 3**. Further, agent **604** also executes on client **600** to monitor program **602**. Agent **604** is used to monitor the execution of program **602** and to detect errors or problems with the operation of program **602**.

As illustrated, agent **604** may include a profiler or other performance code used to monitor the operation of program **602**. Agent **604**, in these examples, is executed in response to some event. This event may be a periodic event, such as the passage of some period of time. Further, the event may be the initialization of program **602** or the starting or restarting of client **600**. Depending on the particular implementation, agent **600** may continuously run in the background monitoring program **602**. Further, agent **604** may be initiated by a user or in response to an error in execution by program **602**.

This monitoring by agent **604** is based on data stored in behavior database **606** or behavior database **612**, which is used to compare the actual behavior of program **602** to an expected behavior as defined in behavior database **606** or behavior database **612**. In the illustrative examples, behavior database **612** in server **610** is a database updated by a provider to reflect the most current fix or repair procedures. Behavior database **612** may be published for use by clients, such as client **600**. Behavior database **606** in client **600** is a local copy of behavior database **612**. This copy of the database may be used when the client has no connection or connectivity with server **610**. When client **600** connects to server **610**, behavior database **606** may be updated with information from behavior database **612**. In most cases the copy of the database on server **610** contains the most up-to-date information, while the copy on client **600** may be outdated. Even though information may be dated on behavior database **606**, this information may be sufficient to locally fix a problem. If the problem cannot be fixed locally, agent **604** attempts to contact server process **608** to see if more recent or up-to-date information is available. If

updates are available, these updates are sent to client **600** to update behavior database **606**.

These databases may include an array of values that are expected when selected operations occur by program **602**. Further, particular variable values that are expected also may be included in behavior database **606**. Other types of behavior include timing, such as the number of iterations in a loop or the amount of time spent in a loop. Behavior database **606** contains metadata information, such as metadata **502** in **Figure 5**. Behavior database **606** is located on client **600**. However, this behavior database may be located in a location external to client **600** such as in server **608**, depending on the particular implementation.

If the observed behavior of program **602** does not match the expected behavior as defined in behavior database **606** or behavior database **612**, an error may be generated. When an error occurs, agent **604** sends the error to the analysis engine **614**. Analysis engine **614** may perform an analysis of the error to determine the cause of the error. Additionally, agent **604** may send the error to server **610** to be analyzed by analysis engine **616** using the server's behavior database **612**. Server **610** may be implemented using a data processing system, such as data processing system **200** in **Figure 2**.

In response to receiving the error and analysis information, server process **608** attempts to identify the problem and to provide a solution or fix for the error. This solution may be obtained from behavior database **606** or behavior database **612** in the illustrative examples. The fix or solution may be to modify a registry entry, program setting, or parameter. The solution might also entail installing a new dynamic link library or program on client computer **600**. If the solution exists in the behavior database **606** or behavior database **612**, the operation to be performed is sent to client computer **600** where it is acted upon by agent **602**. Additionally, scripts also may be included in behavior database **612** to execute steps or procedures on a client to fix or repair errors.

In response to identifying a solution, server process **608** returns the solution to agent **604**, which implements the solution. This solution may be, for example, the installation of an update or patch. Alternatively, agent **604** may execute a script received from server process **608** to change parameters in program **602** or other parameters within client **600**, such as a registry setting or attribute setting to allow for successful operation of program **602**.

Turning next to **Figure 7**, a flowchart of a process for generating profile information is depicted in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The process illustrated in **Figure 7** may be implemented in a compiler, such as compiler **400** in **Figure 4**.

The process begins by compiling the source code (step **700**). Thereafter, a profile of behavior constructs is created as an extra step in the compiling of the source code (step **702**). The profile of behavior is stored in a database object (step **704**). Thereafter, the compiled modules are linked to form the program (step **706**) with the process terminating thereafter. The profile is placed in the program's database object with a unique identifier (step **708**) and that same identifier is embedded in the execution module of the program (step **710**).

With reference now to **Figure 8**, a flowchart of a process for monitoring a program is depicted in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The process illustrated in **Figure 8** may be implemented in an agent, such as agent **604** in **Figure 6**.

The process begins by executing a monitoring process (step **800**). The monitoring process executes the program under its supervision, much like a standard profiler program operates. The monitoring process reads ahead of the execution to identify recognizable constructs and their identifiers. Those identifiers are then used to find an index in behavior database **606** or **612** in **Figure 6** to the behavior metadata. The

construct is then executed under the supervision of agent **604** in **Figure 6**. Using the database metadata, agent **604** monitors the execution time of the construct, the outcome of the execution, and the values of certain key variables used in the construct to be sure they are correct. This function works like the ASSERT statement or macro works in today's compilers. A determination is made as to whether a failure occurs (step **802**). If a failure or some error is detected, the failure is analyzed (step **804**). The results of analysis are sent to the analysis engine **614** or **616** in **Figure 6** if a server is available (step **806**), and the process waits for a response (step **808**). A response is received (step **810**). This response may be, for example, to install a new executable, a dynamic link library, to install a patch, or execute a script. The solution in the response is implemented by agent **604** (step **812**) with the process terminating thereafter. The implementation of the solution involves, for example, installing a patch, replacing a faulty executable component, or executing a script.

With reference again to step **802**, if a failure has not occurred, a determination is made as to whether the monitoring process should end (step **814**). If the monitoring process is not to end, the process returns to step **800**. Otherwise, the process terminates. In some cases, the monitoring process may run continuously or in other cases, only in response to some event.

Thus, the present invention provides an improved method, apparatus, and computer instructions for monitoring and managing errors or failures in programs. The mechanism of the present invention allows for an agent to automatically analyze errors in an application by comparing observed operations or behavior of the application to a database of expected behavior of operation. In response to identifying a failure or error, an analysis of the error or failure may be made with these results being returned to a server. The server uses the information to identify a solution. This solution is then returned to the agent for implementation.

Variations described for the present invention can be realized in any combination

desirable for each particular application. Thus, particular limitations, and/or embodiment enhancements described herein, which may have particular advantages to a particular application need not be used for all applications. Also, not all limitations need be implemented in methods, systems and/or apparatus including one or more concepts of the present invention.

The present invention can be realized in hardware, software, or a combination of hardware and software. A visualization tool according to the present invention can be realized in a centralized fashion in one computer system, or in a distributed fashion where different elements are spread across several interconnected computer systems. Any kind of computer system - or other apparatus adapted for carrying out the methods and/or functions described herein - is suitable. A typical combination of hardware and software could be a general purpose computer system with a computer program that, when being loaded and executed, controls the computer system such that it carries out the methods described herein. The present invention can also be embedded in a computer program product, which comprises all the features enabling the implementation of the methods described herein, and which - when loaded in a computer system - is able to carry out these methods.

Computer program means or computer program in the present context include any expression, in any language, code or notation, of a set of instructions intended to cause a system having an information processing capability to perform a particular function either directly or after conversion to another language, code or notation, and/or reproduction in a different material form.

Thus, the invention includes an article of manufacture which comprises a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing a function described above. The computer readable program code means in the article of manufacture comprises computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the steps of a method of this invention. Similarly, the

present invention may be implemented as a computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing a function described above. The computer readable program code means in the computer program product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect one or more functions of this invention. Furthermore, the present invention may be implemented as a program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for causing one or more functions of this invention.

It is noted that the foregoing has outlined some of the more pertinent objects and embodiments of the present invention. This invention may be used for many applications. Thus, although the description is made for particular arrangements and methods, the intent and concept of the invention is suitable and applicable to other arrangements and applications. It will be clear to those skilled in the art that modifications to the disclosed embodiments can be effected without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. The described embodiments ought to be construed to be merely illustrative of some of the more prominent features and applications of the invention. Other beneficial results can be realized by applying the disclosed invention in a different manner or modifying the invention in ways known to those familiar with the art.